Impact of an Exclusive Economic Zone delimitation on East Timor's petroleum revenue

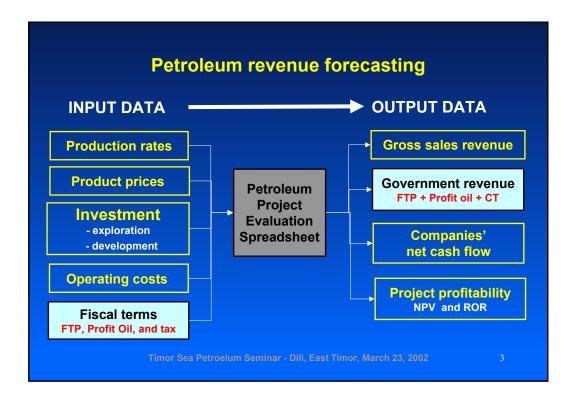


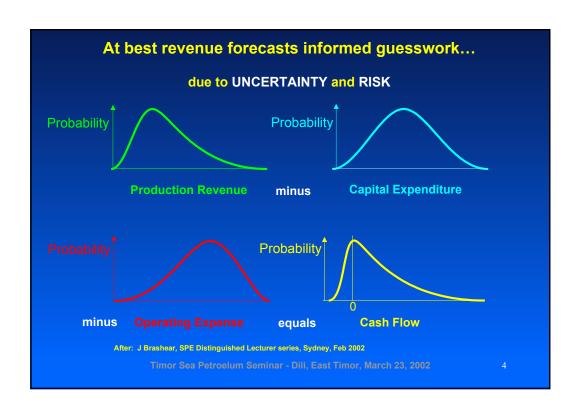
TIMOR SEA PETROLEUM SEMINAR

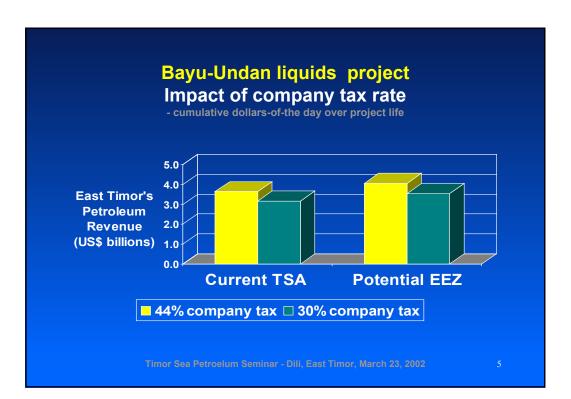
Sponsored by Petrotimor Dili, East Timor, March 23, 2002

Presentation by Geoffrey McKee • G A McKee & Associates Pty Ltd • Oil & Gas Project Development Services • Sydney • Australia

APPENDIX



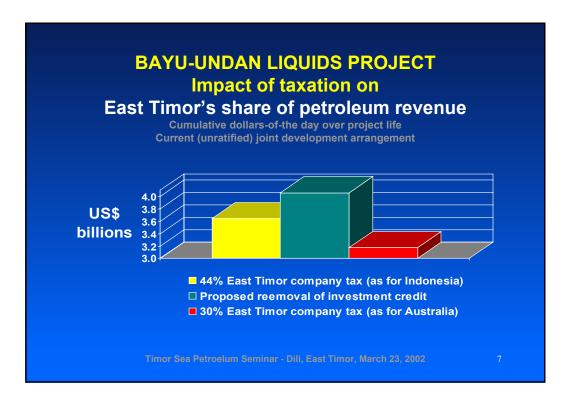


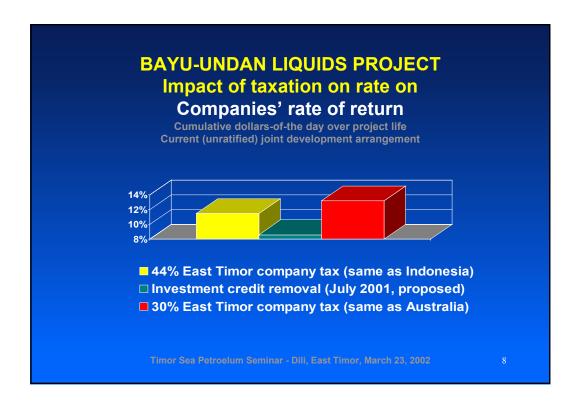


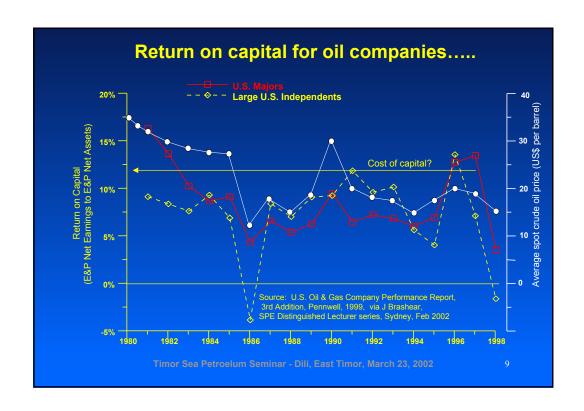
Bayu-Undan liquids project

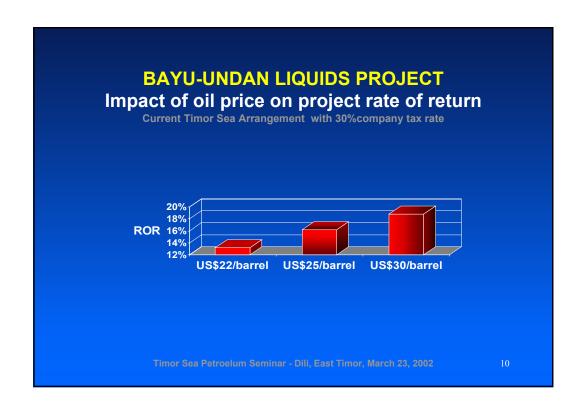
	East Timor's company tax rate	Current joint development arrangements US\$ millions	East Timor EEZ jurisdiction US\$ millions
Base case, August 2001			
Australian revenue		353	Nil
East Timorese revenue	44%	3,642	4,051
Total governments take		3,998	4,051**
Inpact of lower effective company tax rate			
Australian revenue		353	Nil
East Timorese revenue	30%	3,174 (↓ 468)	3,527 (↓ 524)
Total governments take		3,527	3,527

Basis: cumulative, undiscounted dollars-of-the-day over life of project. Fiscal scheme as for 5 July 2001 Timor Sea Arrangement (includes the 127% investment credit). Australian company tax rate 30%. East Timor's tax rate as shown. Arrows show change in East Timor's projected revenue relative to base case. **refer Attachment 1 for project evaluation model details of this base case



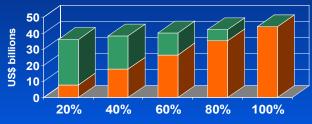






Sunrise FLNG development scenario Indicative government revenue under differing EEZ boundary delimitation assumptions

Cumulative dollars-of-the day over project life



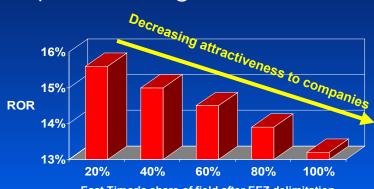
Unitised East Timorese share of field

□ Revenue received by Australia (Australian PRRT fiscal scheme)
 □ Revenue received by East Timor (TSA fiscal scheme)

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SUNRISE FLNG PROJECT Companies' rate of return @ 44% East Timor tax rate



East Timor's share of field after EEZ delimitation

